1. **To add images in your application**

**Under app\_\_\_> under res--🡪 drawables right click and paste the image file. Save it with just a name without any xtension (name should be in small letters)**

**package** com.example.admin.myapplication;  
  
**import** android.content.Intent;  
**import** android.support.v7.app.AppCompatActivity;  
**import** android.os.Bundle;  
**import** android.view.View;  
  
**public class** MainActivity **extends** AppCompatActivity {  
  
 @Override  
 **protected void** onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {  
 **super**.onCreate(savedInstanceState);  
 setContentView(R.layout.***activity\_main***);  
 }  
 **public void** gateway(View v)  
 {  
 Intent i = **new** Intent(**this**,Main2Activity.**class**);  
 startActivity(i);  
 }  
}

*<?***xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"***?>*<**android.widget.RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"  
 xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"  
 xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"  
 android:layout\_width="match\_parent"  
 android:layout\_height="match\_parent"  
 android:background="@drawable/mumbai"  
 tools:context="com.example.admin.myapplication.MainActivity"**>  
  
  
 <**Button  
 android:id="@+id/button"  
 android:layout\_width="wrap\_content"  
 android:layout\_height="wrap\_content"  
 android:layout\_alignParentTop="true"  
 android:layout\_centerHorizontal="true"  
 android:layout\_marginTop="148dp"  
 android:text="Gateway"  
 android:onClick="gateway"**/>  
  
 <**Button  
 android:id="@+id/button2"  
 android:layout\_width="wrap\_content"  
 android:layout\_height="wrap\_content"  
 android:layout\_alignLeft="@+id/button"  
 android:layout\_alignStart="@+id/button"  
 android:layout\_below="@+id/button"  
 android:layout\_marginTop="48dp"  
 android:text="Haji ali"** />  
</**android.widget.RelativeLayout**>

**package** com.example.admin.myapplication;  
  
**import** android.content.Intent;  
**import** android.support.v7.app.AppCompatActivity;  
**import** android.os.Bundle;  
**import** android.view.View;  
  
**public class** Main2Activity **extends** AppCompatActivity {  
  
 @Override  
 **protected void** onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {  
 **super**.onCreate(savedInstanceState);  
 setContentView(R.layout.***activity\_main2***);  
 }  
  
}

*<?***xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"***?>*<**android.widget.RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"  
 xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"  
 xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"  
 android:layout\_width="match\_parent"  
 android:layout\_height="match\_parent"  
 tools:context="com.example.admin.myapplication.Main2Activity"**>  
  
 <**ImageView  
 android:id="@+id/imageView2"  
 android:layout\_width="wrap\_content"  
 android:layout\_height="wrap\_content"  
 android:layout\_alignParentBottom="true"  
 android:layout\_alignParentLeft="true"  
 android:layout\_alignParentStart="true"  
 android:layout\_marginBottom="318dp"  
 app:srcCompat="@drawable/mumbai"** />  
  
 <**TextView  
 android:id="@+id/textView"  
 android:layout\_width="wrap\_content"  
 android:layout\_height="wrap\_content"  
 android:layout\_alignParentEnd="true"  
 android:layout\_alignParentRight="true"  
 android:layout\_alignParentTop="true"  
 android:layout\_marginEnd="37dp"  
 android:layout\_marginRight="37dp"  
 android:layout\_marginTop="241dp"  
 android:text="android:text=&quot;The Gateway of India is an arch monument built during the 20th century in Bombay, India.[2] The monument was erected to commemorate the landing of King George V and Queen Mary at Apollo Bunder on thei r visit to India in 1911. Built in Indo-Saracenic style, the foundation stone for the Gateway of India was l aid on 31 March 1911. The structure is an arch made of basalt, 26 metres (85 feet) c ceremonial entrance to India for Viceroys and the new Governors of Bombay.[3] I a.[5][6][7] The monument has also been referred to as the Taj Mahal of Mumbai, [8] and is the city&#39;s top tourist attraction.[9] History[edit] Gateway of India, Bombay, 1924 The inscription atop on the Gateway of India reads, The Gateway of India was built to commemorate the visit of King George V and Queen Mary to Mumbai, prior to the Delhi Durbar in December 1911. However, they only got to see a cardboard model of [citation needed] The foundation stone was laid on March 31, 1913 by the governor of Bombay, Sir George Sydenham Clarke with the final design of George Wittet sanctioned on March 31, 1914. The land on which the Gateway was built on was previously a crude jetty, used by the fishing community which was later renovated and used as a landing place for British governors and other prominent people. In earlier times, it would have been the first structure that visitors arriving by boat in Mumbai would have seen.[10][11] Between 1915 and 1919, work proceeded at Apollo Bundar (Port) to reclaim the land on which the gateway and the new sea wall would be built. The foundations were completed in 1920 and construction was finished in 1924. [12] The gateway was opened on December 4, 1924 by the Viceroy, the Earl of Reading.[10] The last British troops to leave India following the country&#39;s independence, the First Battalion of the Somerset Light Infantry, passed through the Gateway on their way out in a ceremony on February 28, 1948, signalling the end of British rule.[10][13] Architectural Layout[edit] The structural design of the Gateway of India is constituted of a large arch, with a height of 26m. The monument is built in yellow basalt and indissoluble concrete. The structural plan of Gateway of India is designed in the Indo-Saracenic style. One can also find traces of Muslim architectural styles incorporated in the structure of the grandiose edifice. The central dome of the monument is about 48 feet in diameter, with a total height of 83 feet. Designed with intricate latticework, the 4 turrets are the prominent features of the entire structure of the Gat eway of India. There are steps constructed behind the arch of the Gateway that leads to the Arabian Sea."** />  
  
</**android.widget.RelativeLayout**>